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Farming for the Future Performance Indicators June 2005

1. Value added in Farming and related food processing net of CAP subsidies

Gross Value Added (£ million)

Year	Farming	Farming excl subsidies		
1996	678	362		
1997	539	311		
1998	393	169		
1999	377	215		
2000	367	197		
2001	333	212		
2002	366	196		
2003	418	250		
2004(f)	448	277		

Value added in food related processing and manufacture

Year	Food & related industries		
1996	831		
1997	829		
1998	781		
1999	765		
2000	765		
2001	801		
2002	810		
2003	-		

2004(f)	-

• Value Added per person employed in farming and related food processing in Wales

Value Added per person in farming

Year	Farming	Farming excl subsidies		
1996	-	-		
1997	-	-		
1998	8,300	3,600		
1999	8,400	4,800		
2000	9,000	4,800		
2001	8,100	5,200		
2002	9,000	4,800		
2003	10,400	6,200		
2004(f)	11,200	6,900		

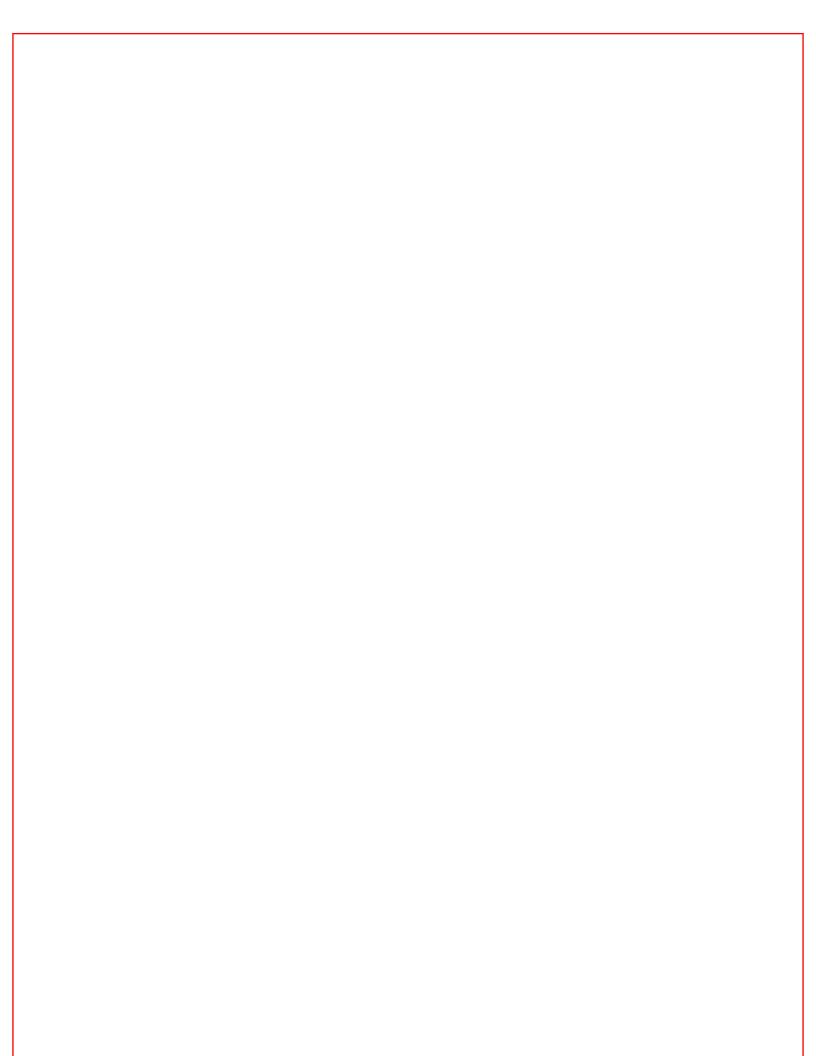
Value added per person employed in food processing and manufacture					
Year Food & related industries					
1996 40,000					
1997	38,500				
1998	34,600				
1999	36,300				
2000	33,600				
2001	34,800				
2002	35,500				
2003	-				

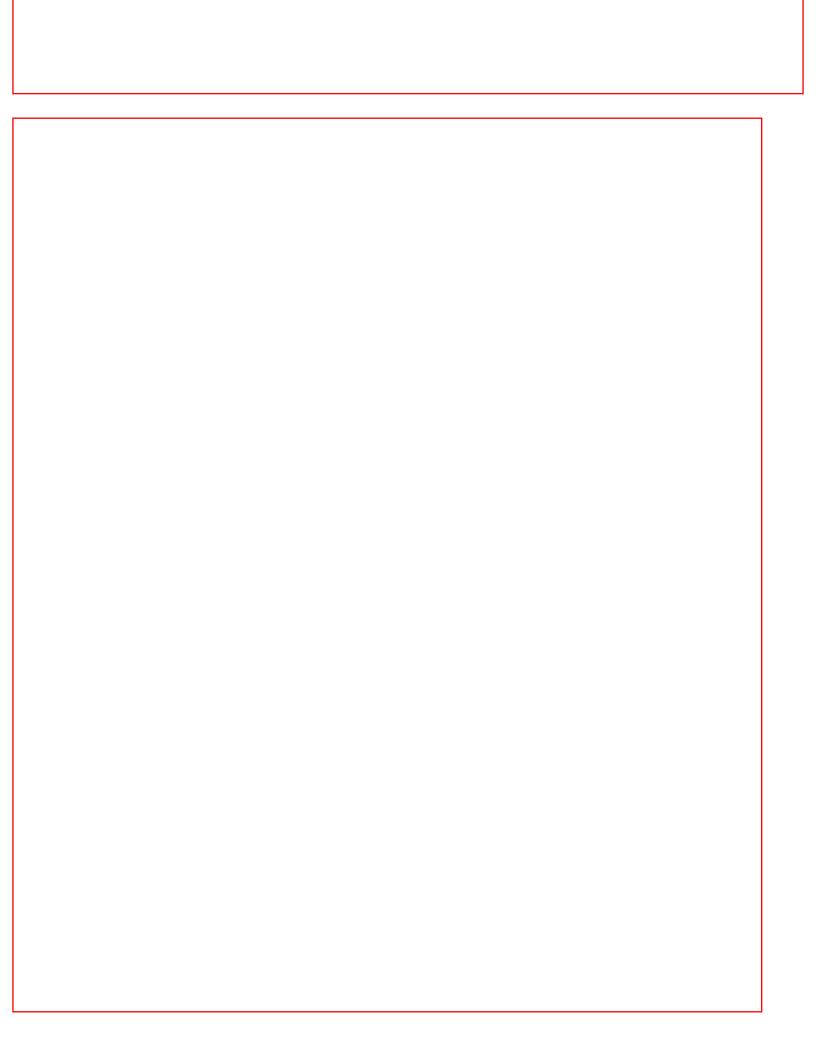
20040	(f)		-		
Total Employment	nt in Farming and related food proce	essing			
Γotal Employment in Fa	arming				
Year	Full time equivalent worke farming	ers in	Employee jobs in food & related industries		
1996			20.8		
1997	-		21.5		
1998	47.2		22.5		
1999	44.9		21.1		
2000	40.9		22.8		
2001	41.0		23.1		
2002	40.6	40.6			
2003	40.3		23.6		
2004	40.1		-		
. Amount of Income Fa	arming Families derive from Non far	rming sou	ırces		
Y	'ear		Total (£ million)		
1	996		59.7		
1	997		75.9		
1	998		73.9		
1	999		81.0		
2000		73.9			
2001		61.6			
20	002		61.6		
20	003		58.1		

Source: Farm Business Survey

5.	The proportion of Agricultural land under Agri-environment agreement, or which is organic or in
	conversion to organic status

Year	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
% of agricultural land covered by an agri- environment agreement or which is registered as organic, or is being converted to organic status	17.3	20	22.6	25.4	26.4	29





7. Farming for the Future: Other Wild Species Indicator

Following the Scottish model, a biodiversity headline indicator for SD in Wales would be: % of BAP species and habitats which are identified as stable or increasing.

The following table summarises data from the following website, which reports progress on the UK Biodiversity Action Plans (BAPs): http://www.ukbap.org.uk/2002OnlineReport/2002Report.htm

	Species (Wales)		Habitats (Wal	es)
	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
Increasing	11	6.3%	2	5.4%
Stable	27	15.5%	9	24.3%
Declining (slowing)	10	5.7%	15	40.5%
Declining (continued/ accelerating)	21	12.1%	2	5.4%
No clear trend	14	8.0%	2	5.4%
Lost (pre- and since BAP publication)	13	7.5%	0	0.0%
Unknown	34	19.5%	3	8.1%
No data entered	44	25.2%	4	10.8%
	174	100%	37	100%

Based on amalgamating categories in the table above (following the Scottish model), we get a slightly clearer table as follows:

	Species (Wales)		Habitats (Wales)	
	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
Stable or Increasing	38	22%	11	30%
Declining	31	18%	17	46%
No clear trend	14	8%	2	5%

Lost (pre- and since BAP publication)	13	7%	0	0%
Insufficient information	78	45%	7	19%
	174	100%	37	100%

This indicator is derived from data collected by the three to four year reporting cycle of the United Kingdom's Biodiversity Action Plans (UKBAP). The next update on this information will be available in the latter part of 2005 and will be presented to the EPC Committee at this time.